

Student Name: _____

SID: _____

Question 1. Terminology

- (i) *Prime Implicants* (5 Points): In a 3-variable K-map, show a function and its prime implicants that illustrates the fact that there is more than one equally good minimized Sum of Products realizations of the function.
- Fill in the K-map for $F(A,B,C)$ below.
 - Identify the prime implicants by suitable circlings.
 - Select two different covers from the prime implicants, each with the same number of product terms and literals.

other solutions possible

First minimized implementation of $F(A,B,C) =$ $AB' + A'C' + BC$ 1pt

Second minimized implementation of $F(A,B,C) =$ $A'B + AC + B'C'$ 1pt

- (ii) *Product of Sums versus Sums of Products* (5 Points): Give a K-map and an example function whose minimized PoS form has fewer literals in it than its minimized SoP form.
- Fill in the K-map for $F(A,B,C)$ below.
 - Indicate the minimized SoP and PoS realizations you obtain.
 - How many literals is in each realization?

other solutions possible

Minimized SoP realization of $F(A,B,C) =$ $A'B'C' + AB'C$ 2pts

Number of literals is: 6

Minimized PoS realization of $F(A,B,C) =$ $B'(A'+C')(A+C')$ 3pts

Number of literals is: 5

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Question 2. Minimization (15 Points)

Given the following four four-variable functions:

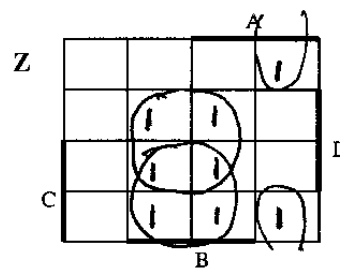
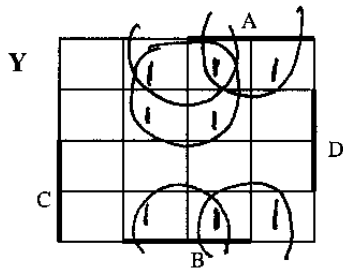
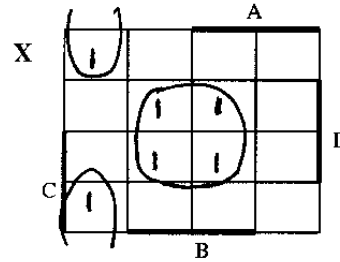
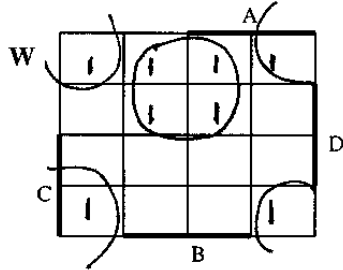
$$W(A,B,C,D) = \sum m(0,2,4,5,8,10,12,13)$$

$$X(A,B,C,D) = \sum m(0,2,5,7,13,15)$$

$$Y(A,B,C,D) = \sum m(4,5,6,8,10,12,13,14)$$

$$Z(A,B,C,D) = \sum m(5,6,7,8,10,13,14,15)$$

Use K-maps to independently minimize the functions in Sum of Products form.



$$W = BC' + B'D'$$

$$X = BD + A'B'D'$$

4pts

$$Y = BC' + BD' + AD'$$

$$Z = BD + BC + A'B'D'$$

The number of unique product terms is: 8

Now resolve for W, X, Y, Z when the target of implementation is a Programmable Logic Array (PLA):

$$W = A'B'D' + AB'D' + BC' \quad 3pts$$

$$X = BD + A'B'D' \quad 1pt$$

11pts

$$Y = BC' + AB'D' + BCD' \quad 3pts$$

$$Z = BD + AB'D' + BCD' \quad 3pts$$

The number of unique product terms is: 5 ← 1pt

Question 3. Minimization (20 Points)

Consider the following function: $F(A,B,C,D) = \sum m(0,5,6,9,12,15)$

(a) What is the minimized Sum of Products form? How many literals does it have?

	A			
F	0	4	12	8
	1	5	13	9
	3	7	15	11
C	2	6	14	10
	B			

$$F = A'B'C'D' + A'BC'D' + A'BCD' + AB'C'D' + ABC'D' + ABCD$$

Literal Count is 24 3 pts

(b) What is the minimized Product of Sums form? How many literals does it have?

	A			
F	0			1
	1		0	
	3	0		1
C	2		0	1
	B			

(Handwritten notes: (C+B) on the left, (A+B) on the top, and various circles and lines connecting 0s and 1s in the K-map.)

$$F = (A+B+C+D)(A'+B'+C+D')(A+B+D')(A+B+C')(A+C'+D')(A+C'+D)(A'+B+D)$$

Literal Count is 22 3 pts -2 pts if you missed (B+C)

(c) In addition to AND, OR, Complement (NOT) functions, assume that you can also use the XOR function as a primitive gate. They cost no more to use than "simple gates" like AND and OR. How do you obtain an implementation with a minimized literal count now? Write down your answer as a two-level Boolean expression using XOR, AND, OR, NOT functions.

$$F = B[A \oplus C \oplus D] + C'[A \oplus B \oplus D]$$

Note: not actually two levels

Literal Count is 8 partial credit based on how close 14 pts

Show your work below:

(Handwritten K-map for part c)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & B(A'C'D + A'CD' + AC'D' + ACD) + \\
 & B[A'(C'D + CD') + A(C'D' + CD)] + \\
 & B[A \oplus C \oplus D] + \\
 & C'(A'B'D' + A'BD + AB'D + ABD') \leftarrow \\
 & C'(A'[B'D' + BD] + A[B'D + BD']) \leftarrow \\
 & C'(A \oplus B \oplus D) \leftarrow
 \end{aligned}$$

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Question 5. Multiplexer Design (5 Points)

Design a subsystem using multiplexer components that can do the following function:

Data Inputs: A, B, C, D

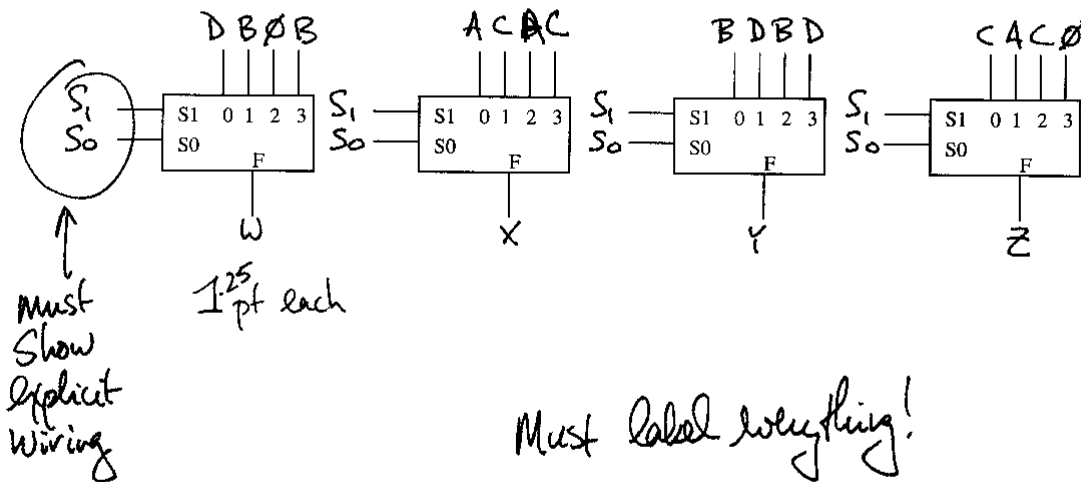
Control Inputs: S1, S0

Outputs: W, X, Y, Z

The behavior of the system is described by the following "functional" truth table:

	S1	S0	W	X	Y	Z
Rotate Inputs Right	0	0	D	A	B	C
Rotate Inputs Left	0	1	B	C	D	A
Arithmetic Shift Inputs Right	1	0	0	A	B	C
Arithmetic Shift Inputs Left	1	1	B	C	D	0

Draw a wiring diagram for your implementation below:

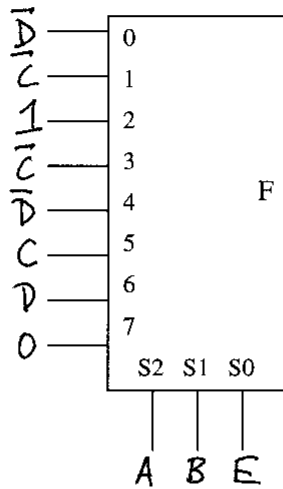


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Question 6. Multiplexer Implementation (15 Points)

Given the five variable function $F(A,B,C,D,E) = \sum m(0,1,3,4,8,9,10,11,12,14,16,20,21,23,26,30)$, show how to implement this using a single 8:1 multiplexer and *no other logic gates* (you may assume that variables and their complements are available at no cost to your implementation). HINT: Use A, B, E as the multiplexer control inputs. Show the wiring below:



+2 pts for each correct input
+1 if approach correct but actual answer is wrong.
1 pt for control lines

Show your approach below:

A	B	E	C	D	M	
0	0	0	0	0	0	1
			0	1	2	0
			1	0	4	1
			1	1	6	0
0	0	1	0	0	1	1
			0	1	3	1
			1	0	5	0
			1	1	7	0
0	1	0	0	0	8	1
			0	1	10	1
			1	0	12	1
			1	1	14	1
0	1	1	0	0	9	1
			0	1	11	0
			1	0	13	0
			1	1	15	0

A	B	E	C	D	M	
1	0	0	0	0	16	1
			0	1	18	0
			1	0	20	1
			1	1	22	0
1	0	1	0	0	17	0
			0	1	19	0
			1	0	21	1
			1	1	23	1
1	1	0	0	0	24	0
			0	1	26	1
			1	0	28	0
			1	1	30	1
1	1	1	0	0	25	0
			0	1	27	0
			1	0	29	0
			1	1	31	0

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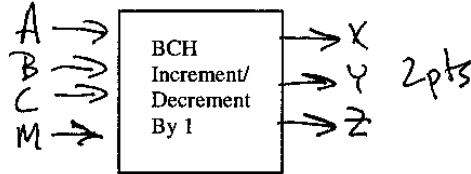
Question 7. Design Problem (10 Points)

It is well known from the X-Files that Aliens have two arms and three fingers on each hand. So it is not so surprising that they have a base 6 number system.

Design a digital subsystem that takes as input a "binary coded hexary" (BCH) digit (i.e., 0 through 5 is represented by the binary numbers 000 through 101) and a mode input that outputs the BCH digit plus 1 when mode = 0 and BCH - 1 when mode = 1.

(a) Identify your inputs and outputs. Draw a block diagram:

BCH "digit": ABC
 Mode: M
 BCH output: XYZ



(b) State your assumptions about the behavior of the circuit. Document your understanding of the function with a truth table:

M	A	B	C	X	Y	Z
0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	0	0	1	0	1	0
	0	1	0	0	1	1
	0	1	1	1	0	0
	1	0	0	1	0	1
	1	0	1	0	0	0
	1	1	0	X	X	X
	1	1	1	X	X	X

M	A	B	C	X	Y	Z
1	0	0	0	1	0	1
	0	0	1	0	0	0
	0	1	0	0	0	1
	0	1	1	0	1	1
	1	0	1	1	0	0
	1	1	0	X	X	X
	1	1	1	X	X	X

(c) Implement it in minimized Sum of Products form. Draw filled in K-maps, circled implicants, and the minimized Boolean equations for your outputs:

BC \ MA

	00	01	11	10
00	0	1	0	1
01	0	0	1	0
11	1	X	X	0
10	0	X	X	0

$$X = M'BC + M'AC' + MAC + MA'B'C'$$

2pts

BC \ MA

	00	01	11	10
00	0	0	1	0
01	1	0	0	0
11	0	X	X	1
10	1	X	X	0

$$Y = M'A'B'C + M'BC' + MAC' + MBC$$

2pts

BC \ MA

	00	01	11	10
00	1	1	1	1
01	0	0	0	0
11	0	X	X	0
10	1	X	X	1

$$Z = C'$$

2pts