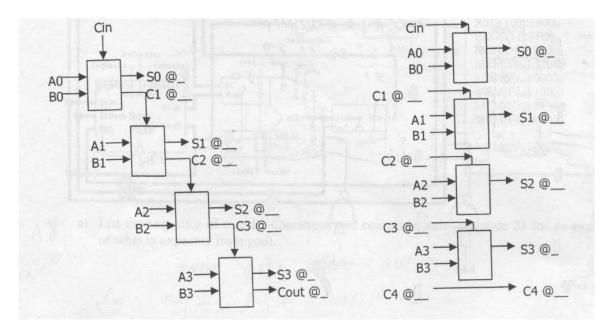
EECS 150 Fall 2001 3rd Midterm

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Problem 1

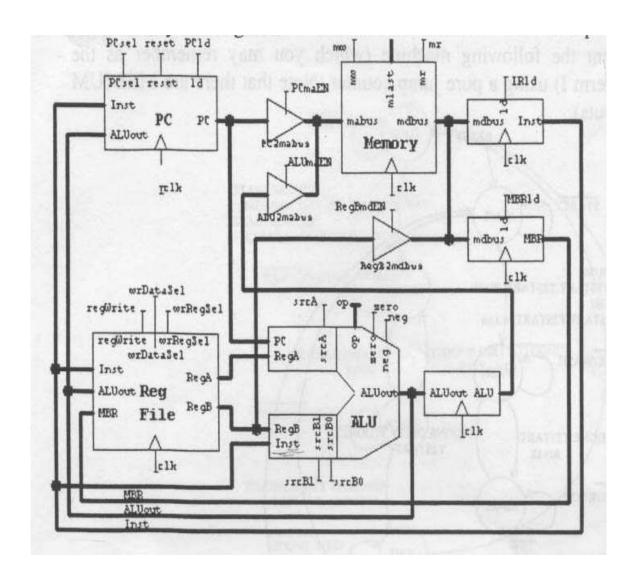
Recalculate the various propogation delays in a 4-bit carry lookahead adder and a ripple adder assuming that XOR gates have twice the delay of all other gates.



The easiest way to perform arithmetic operations using the sign-and-magnitude system is to convert to 2's complement for your calculations. You are given the following components:

- A 4-bit universal shift register
- As many 1-bit full adders as you need
- As many 2-input XOR gates as you need
- AS many 2-input NAND gates as you need
- a) Design a circuit to convert a 4-bit sign-and-magnitude number of 2's complement number.
- b) Design a circuit to convert a 4-bit 2's complement to a sign-and-magnitude number.

Trace the execution of the current instruction in the following microprocessor datapath. The instruction syntax is given on slide 22 of the class notes on computer organization.



- a) List the sequence of transfer operations and control signals (see slide 28 for an example of what is expected of you).
- b) After the instruction execution is complete, list the contents of the following, in hexadecimal:

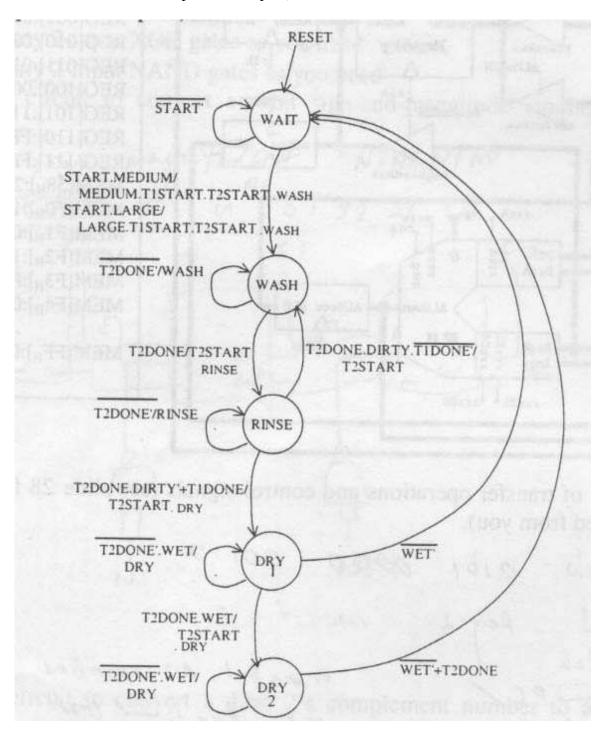
PC:

REG[010]: REG[101]: REG[000]: REG[011]: REG[110]: REG[001]: REG[100]:

REG[111]:

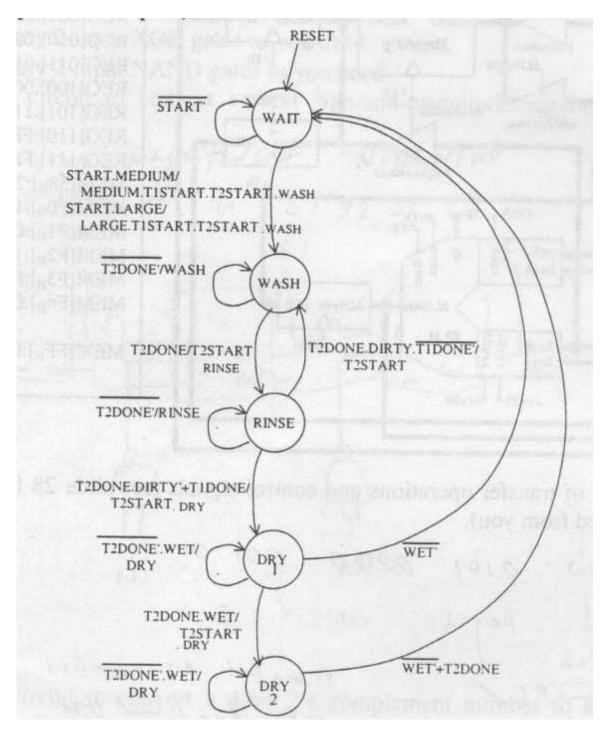
c) Suppose you want to display the result of the execution of your instruction on the display (which is connected to MEM[FFH]. Write the contents of MEM[39H].

You are going to implement the following machine (which you may remember as the washing machine from midterm I) using a pure jump counter (Note that there are MEDIUM and LARGE inputs and outputs).



a) Determine an optimal encoding for the states. WAIT:
RINSE:
WASH: DRY1:
b) Determine the control functions:
CNT =
LD =
CLR =
c) List the contents of the Jump ROM

You are going to re-implement the washing machine controller from the previous problem using vertial mericode.



- a) List all sets of mutually exclusive outputs
- b) Assuming you use 1-hot encoding for all non-mutually exclusive output groupings, what is the minimum number of bits to encode the outputs?
- c) Assum you need a 5-bit ROM address to encode the machine. Write out the format (as on slide 39 of the controller implementation notes) of RT and BJ instructions for this machine assuming (b).
- d) List the output functions:

LARGE =

MEDIUM =

T1START =

T2START =

WASH =

RINSE =

DRY =

e) Draw a circuit diagram for the jump counter. You need to show the output function implementations. Use the PLA below to implement your control functions, and use a 74163 4-bit counter as the state storage element.

